

Streaming TV

The cord-cutters' guide to what you will get and what it will cost. 9D

Left: James Prosek's "Magnolla with Warblers, Nocturne," 2014; watercolor, gouache, colored pencil and graphite on tea-stained paper. Right: "Eel Impressions," 2014; watercolor on paper.

Nature outside the box



Prosek takes a close look at his mural "North Carolina Habitats: From the Mountains to the Cypress Swamps."

SCHWARTZ . WAJAHAT, NEW YORK

By David Menconi

That was not an oversight.

What's at the root of it all is this human need of classifying and categorizing nature, "said Linda Designers, voice with the numbers, vou'll discover that the numbers to stay in the box, whether we can identify sin the saw of no setup for "Un/Natural World," on view at the N.C. Museum of Art until Aug. 2, "North Carolina Habitats" is a large wall-sized mural. In monochromatic silhouette, it depicts wildlife common to the state – ranging from ravens and barred ow'ls to creatures both endangered (red wolf) and extinct (Carolina parakeet).

James Prosek's exhibit at the N.C. Museum of Art depicts nature in a way that defies easy labels with the numbers, you'll discover that there is a way that defies easy labels of the prosent of the curator at the museum. "We do that to understand and ultimately control nature, and James' work about how futile that ultimately is. Nature is chaotic and unruly and refuses to stay in the box, whether we can identify things in it or not."

Prosek, a soft-spoken 39-year-old, still lives and works in the same Connecticut town where he grew up. He was at the museum for several days last month to work on setup for "Un/Natural World," which consists of 19 works (including a large painting of a sawfish inspired by an African sawfish headdress in the museum's permanent collection).

Part of Prosek's setup process was to paint "North Carolina Habitats" on -site by hand with one of his regular collaborators, New York artist John Small. Explaining his SEE PROSEK, PAGE 80

SEE PROSEK, PAGE 8D

"Flying Squir-rels," 2013; taxi-dermled squirrels, quail and duck wings, clay, flowers, moss and wood.

PROSEK

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1D

methodology, Prosek showed a visitor the large computer printouts he put on the wall to trace the design before applying black paint with brushes.

With its silhouette depictions, "North Carolina Habitats" is modeled on the endpaper illustration of American naturalist/ornithologist Roger Tory Peterson's "Guide to the Birds" series, which goes back to the first half of the 20th century. Peterson's books and writings were a major influence on Prosek while he was growing up and drawing birds.

up and drawing birds.
Even though "North Carolina Habitats" is all well-defined black-and-white boundaries, Prosek actually has an aesthetic that is highly critical of neat, easy boundaries and categories.

"Since there's no key of names on this, you can't satisfy that urge to know what everything is," Prosek said. The numbers are to acknowledge that human urge of identifying things. We rely on language so much, and there are other ways of see-ing nature that don't involve putting a stamp on it. I've become a little obsessed with this topic of how we join words to the world and what changes when we use lan-guage to look at things. I'm writing a book about it, so I've been thinking about it for quite a while.

A swarm of eels

As he admits, Prosek is prone to obsession. His language-in-nature book has been in the works for close to a decade, and it follows one that took 12 years to complete: "The Mystery of Eels," a book and PBS documentary. That one became a project for the simple reason that Prosek found it "mind-



JULI LEONARD - jleonard@newsobserver.com

Artist James Prosek, left, and his friend and artist, John Small, work on Prosek's mural "North Carolina Habitats: From the Mountains to the Cypress Swamps" at the N.C. Museum of Art in Raleigh. The mural is part of his current exhibit, "Field Guide: James Prosek's Un/Natural World."

blowing" that aquatic creatures in his neighborhood pond in Connecticut had migrated from spawning grounds in the Sargasso Sea, more than 1,000 miles away in the North Atlantic.

Eels found their way into Prosek's visual art, too. Prosek uses a stamped dead eel to make impressions, and "Un/Natural World" has the biggest such painting he's made yet – a 10-by-15-foot canvas with the imprint repeated. "about 8,000 times," creating the impression of a swarm of them.

"Eels are the only fish that migrates from salt water to fresh water, unlike salmon or shad," Prosek said. "They have this very long migration, 1,000 miles or more, and then they live in fresh water up to 20 or 30 years before getting the urge to go back. They're in most every body of water that's connected to the ocean. You rarely see them because they move mostly at night and migrate when rivers are in flood or muddy"

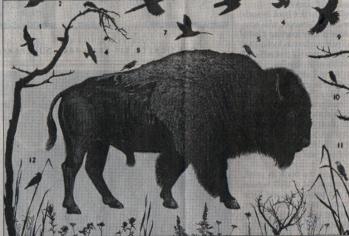
Fascination with migration also plays into Prosek's interest in birds, going back to when his father, a native of Brazil, would point out migratory birds that had come all the way from South America. Young James' first ideas about categorization began taking shape during family hikes in the woods.

"My dad taught me the names of a lot of the local plants and animals," he said. "But he also cautioned that a tree wasn't just a 'maple,' it was also home to bees and birds' nests – part of a greater ecosystem. Nature is not a series of boxes you can separate from each other. The names give the illusion of separateness that fragments the world in your brain and leads to a lot of environmental problems."

Life on Earth

As a multimedia artist working in a variety of fields, Prosek keeps busy with writing and filmmaking, even though visual art is his primary occupation. But each medium feeds off the other, based on an impulse to document the natural world.

Over his career, Prosek has watched a lot of species dis-



JAMES PROSEK - SCHWARTZ / WAJAHAT, NEW YORK

James Prosek, "American Bison," 2014; oil, acrylic, and mixed media on panel.

Details

What: "Field Guide: James Prosek's Un/Natural World" When: Through Aug. 2

Where: Level B's Studio 3 in the East Building of N.C. Museum of

Art, 210 Blue Ridge Road, Raleigh

Hours: 10 a.m.-5 p.m. Tuesday through Thursday; 10 a.m.-9 p.m.

Friday; 10 a.m.-5 p.m. weekends; closed Monday

Cost: Free

Info: 919-839-6262 or neartmuseum.org

appear, which is one of his consistent themes. For a 2014 Smithsonian exhibit marking the 100-year anniversary of the death of the last passenger pigeon, he did a 40-foot mural called "What once was is no more: Passing like a thought, flight into memory," showing a flock of the birds flying through a forest of American chestnuts.

Even so, Prosek sees cause for optimism about the future of the planet, although

it's not the sort of optimism likely to give much comfort. The question isn't whether Earth will survive, it's whether humanity will be around to see it. As an example, Prosek cites the subject of his first book, 1996's "Trout: An Illustrated History."

"Trout need pristine coldwater wilderness, a lot of which has been lost," he said. "But trout have somehow survived major climactic changes. Around 13,000 years ago, where my house is now in Connecticut was under a mile of ice. Any trout there had to migrate to the ocean or perish. So if they could survive that, I hope they can survive now. Life on Earth will continue no matter what. Even when meteors hit the Earth in the time of dinosaurs and 96 percent of all life died, something did sur-

"Now it might take 10 million years to come back," Prosek concluded, "but life can't be stopped from proliferating. It will go on even if we're not here. Nature is resilient. No matter what we lose, something else will take its place. It may not be the world I want to live in, but it

Menconi: 919-829-4759 or www.nando.com/onthebeat; Twitter: @NCDavidMenconi

